STRATEGIC PLAN FOR THE MPA/MPS ESTATE

October 2006

MANAGEMENT SUMMARY

It is essential that the real estate assets of the MPA meet the operational requirements of the MPS. Following the principles of good asset management practice; maximising the use of accommodation and minimising the operational cost of buildings and property, and incorporating the recommendations and conclusions of the various HMIC reports, the MPA/MPS estates strategy 'Building Towards the Safest City', was approved in 2003 and publicly launched in 2004.

The strategy for exiting inefficient/antiquated buildings and recycling and reinvesting the value back into the estate has already resulted in significant benefits to the MPA/MPS. To further the role out of the estates strategy and provide suitable visibility to the MPA, an MPS Estates Strategic Plan (ESP) has been developed. This provides a suitable vehicle to report progress and map out the way forward with the ongoing implementation of the MPA/MPS Estates Strategy, and ensure that suitable consultation and communication is undertaken with the MPA/MPS's stakeholders, particularly with regard to the rollout of BOCU-based facilities, to ensure community concerns are addressed.

The purpose of this document is to present an accurate picture concerning the implementation of each strand of the Estates Strategy, within the context of unfolding corporate priorities. This document is linked with the Consultation and Communication Plan for the Territorial Policing Estate.

The ESP, which is subject to regular review and updating, sets out the framework within which the estate is managed, the MPS Corporate Priorities in regard to estates matters, and provides detail specifically on progress and forward planning. The ESP will be presented to the MPA on a regular basis for support and approval.

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1. INTRODUCTION TO THE STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT OF THE MPA ESTATE

1.1 Background to the MPA Estate

- 1.1.1 The MPA's operational estate includes over 600 buildings totalling 6.4 million square feet with a value of £1.7bn. The residential estate includes 1,100 residential units and 600 section house bed spaces. In addition to the above, the estate includes 180 Safer Neighbourhood bases.
- 1.1.2 The operational portfolio includes a wide variety of properties ranging from offices, police stations, training facilities, warehouses, forensic facilities, car pounds, retail units (front offices), as well as more specialist facilities and covert requirements.
- 1.1.3 With 35% of the estate pre-dating 1935, many buildings are no longer fit for use. Many do not provide suitable accessibility, some no longer meet operational needs, while other buildings are inefficient to run. The maintenance backlog currently stands at £160m and the capital shortfall (in terms of reinvestment) stands at £50m per annum.

1.2 Asset Management Planning

- 1.2.1 In 1999, the Audit Commission published a report "Action Stations" which reviewed estate management within the Police Service. The report emphasised the importance of a comprehensive estates strategy/asset management plans to effectively manage property assets to enhance operational policing.
- 1.2.2 This recommendation was further enhanced by the publication of the HMIC report "Open All Hours" which stressed the importance of visibility and public contact as key features of operational police planning.
- 1.2.3 Subsequent studies/reports including those of the National Audit Office support the need to maximise the use of space and look for cost effective solutions for property requirements.
- 1.2.4 In 2004, the MPA and MPS published a joint estates strategy "Building Towards the Safest City" which provides the overarching strategy to exit inefficient/antiquated buildings and recycle and reinvest the value locked in these properties into future MPA/MPS assets. Where these assets relate to real

- estate, properties acquired will provide flexible accommodation that is fit for use and maximises value for money. HMIC reviewed the MPA/MPS estates strategy in 2004, and deemed it to be potentially "best in class". This overarching strategy is embedded in the corporate priorities of the MPS and the basic principles remain unchanged.
- 1.2.5 In support of the overarching strategy, asset plans have been agreed and are being rolled-out in regard to the Central London Estate, the BOCU based facilities and the residential estate. In addition, asset management plans are being developed to meet the needs of each MPS business group, cross divisional priorities; Met Intelligence Bureau; firearms training; larger assets held within the estate; the Hendon estate and Sports Clubs.

1.3 Purpose of the Overarching Estate Strategic Plan (ESP)

- 1.3.1 The ESP will report the progress of the implementation of the MPA/MPS Estates Strategy in relation to the operational estate, including consultation and communication undertaken with our stakeholders, and sits alongside the separate consultation and communication plan which details how and with whom the MPS will consult and communicate in regard to the role out of plans.
- 1.3.2 The ESP will be updated on a regular basis, with strict version control, to inform and update the MPS Estates Programme Board, Management Board and Metropolitan Police Authority on issues concerned with the ongoing implementation of the MPA/MPS estates strategy.

2.1 Corporate Priorities

- 2.1.1 The occupational needs of the MPS have been considered and debated and the MPS Management Board have approved the following strategic priorities to support operational policing:
 - Provision of Borough based Custody Centres
 - Roll out of all Safer Neighbourhood Bases.
 - The revitalisation of the Territorial Policing (TP) and Central Operations (CO) estates through the provision of patrol base facilities
 - Provision of suitable accommodation for the MPS Intelligence Bureau (MIB), CT Command including associated technological needs.
 - Provision of suitable firearms training facilities to meet the MPS's firearms capability and associated facilities required to sustain this.
- 2.1.2 The following areas have also been identified as key, and in order of importance they are:
 - 1) Development of the longer-term strategy to support the various operations currently located within the Hendon estate.
 - 2) Support the Olympics Command to identify and provide the necessary (accommodation for policing the London Olympic 2012 Games).
 - 3) Develop suitable solutions to meet the current and future accommodation requirements at Heathrow.
 - 4) Development of the longer-term strategy for New Scotland Yard.
 - 5) Delivery of ongoing asset management plans including the Central London Asset Strategy; the Residential Asset Strategy and specific building strategies.
 - 6) Improving accessibility to all premises in order to accommodate all statutory requirements.

2.1.3 In addition, further accommodation may be required to meet pressing operational demands linked to Counter-Terrorism initiatives. Wherever possible these needs will continue to be met within existing facilities.

2.2 Relationship with the Met Modernisation Programme (MMP)

- 2.2.1 The MPA/MPS estates strategy is linked to the Met Modernisation Programme. The strands of the Met Modernisation Programme (MMP) that will have a particular bearing and/or dependency on the MPS Estates Strategy include the following:
- 2.2.2 C3i the Directorate of Information (DoI) organisational change programme that supports the development of Command and Control facilities. Police forces across the UK face increasing telephone call volumes from their local communities requesting support and assistance. C3i is the Met's response to the requirement for a call management system providing an efficient and consistent response to calls for assistance from the public thereby ensuring the most appropriate response.
- 2.2.3 **Safer Neighbourhoods**. The initiative to focus on the provision of neighbourhood based policing, working with the community and partner agencies to identify and tackle issues of concern Safer Neighbourhood teams are dedicated to communities; additional to other policing response teams and units in London.
- 2.2.4 Custody. The extension of current facilities in order to support the wider role to investigate crime and deal with offenders. The project aims to increase cell capacity across the MPS through the provision of modern, Borough-based Custody Centres and work with other partners, (including commercial retailers) to look at other viable options.

3.1 Overall Strategy

- 3.1.1 The Estates Strategy for the operational estate is based on the principles of maximising the operational effectiveness of the properties occupied through improved utilisation of buildings, provision of flexible/easily adaptable accommodation and minimising occupational costs.
- 3.1.2 Asset Management plans which detail the strategies for a specific building or group of buildings are developed on these principles and provide the framework for implementing short (1-2 years), medium (2-5 years) and longer (5 years plus) term solutions. Once developed these asset management plans will be reviewed on a regular basis.
- 3.1.3 When considering the needs of Territorial Policing at Borough level, the operational effectiveness of buildings will be achieved through the provision of standard commercial building solutions (for example the provision of Patrol Bases within warehouses); reducing the costs of design and construction. When considering the needs of pan-London operations, flexibility will be provided through the adaptation of existing buildings, (warehouses/offices etc.), or the provision of standard commercial building solutions rather than deliver through the design and construction of bespoke police buildings.

3.2 Modernisation of the Estate

- 3.2.1 With 35% of the estate predating 1935, a maintenance backlog of £160m, a shortfall in annual capital investment of £50m per annum, coupled with ongoing revenue pressures, it is essential that the estate can be managed within existing funding envelopes.
- 3.2.2 Exiting inefficient buildings with poor access and compliancy issues, replacing these buildings with modern flexible accommodation will assist in reducing maintenance backlogs and enable capital and revenue funding to be spent effectively.
- 3.2.3 The rollout of Safer Neighbourhood bases, Front Office Programme and the provision of easily accessible accommodation for customers and staff is key to the Citizen Focus agenda.

3.3 Implementation Co-ordination

- 3.3.1 The MPS Policing responsibilities are divided between Neighbourhood, London Borough and regional (Pan-London) needs. As such, occupational requirements are provided in a number of different ways.
- 3.3.2 The overarching Estate Strategy and individual asset plans are designed to meet the needs of each operational requirement. In accordance with MPA Regulations and to ensure proposals meet the overarching estates strategy, asset plans will be subject to an agreed business case.
- 3.3.3 The order in which various strands of the estates strategy are implemented, is driven by corporate priorities, commercial opportunities in the property market and the availability of funding. Governance of the rollout of the Estates Strategy is driven by the MPA Financial Regulations and Contract Regulations.
- 3.3.4 The role out of asset plans is also dependent on commercial opportunities in the market and a proactive approach is taken to monitor wider scale development opportunities as and when they arise. Following the publication of the MPS/MPA Planning Planning for Future Police Estate Development in 2005, considerable effort has been made by the MPS to engage with the GLA, various development agencies and Local Planning Authorities, to emphasise the importance of policing in the community and the occupational needs of policing. In doing so, the MPS encourage planning authorities and others to ensure the needs of the MPS are addressed when developing strategic plans or approving planning applications.
- 3.3.5 Where opportunities exist to co-locate teams across divisions; to maximise the use of space/gain greater value for money, opportunities will be taken. A number of operations are covert; others sensitive in nature, and as such, it is not always possible for facilities to be shared.
- 3.3.6 The importance of providing suitable accommodation to meet the needs of operational teams and to provide suitable interface points with communities/citizens/stakeholders throughout London is essential. In addition, suitable provision must be made for partnership arrangements including those with the Criminal Justice community, Youth Offender Teams etc. Where proposals impact on the locations of such teams, suitable consultation will be undertaken to ensure alternative proposals partnership needs. Other programmes inclusing those of the Child Protection Teams, Sapphire units, Intimidated Witness/Victims etc., will continue to

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 Prepared by M Boyles, J Bond
 Date issued: 10 October 2006

- be supported. Where units need to be relocated, opportunities will be taken to improve the environment of the accomdation provided to support operational needs.
- 3.3.7 No operational facility (with or without public access/interface) will be closed/decommissioned until the replacement facility is operational.

3.4 Estates Funding Strategy

- 3.4.1 In accordance with asset management practice and the agreed MPA/MPS Estates Strategy, funds released from the disposal of surplus assets or of assets that are no longer fit for use are recycled and reinvested.
- 3.4.2 The overarching Estates Strategy is designed to be self-funding. Due to the complex nature of the estate, and the manner in which it is currently occupied by the MPS; it is not always possible for individual asset plans to be self-funding. Receipts generated through the disposal of surplus property are used in such cases, subject to the approval of the MPA Finance Committee.

3.5 Asset Management Plans

- 3.5.1 Asset Plans are developed and rolled-out for each business group; however many facilities including custody, specialist training, standard office buildings, warehouses are used by more than one business group and in these cases separate asset managements plans are developed to provide the framework for implementing longer term solutions. These asset management plans are directly linked to each business group plan and detail the inter-dependencies where these arise.
- 3.5.2 In addition to the agreed Borough based asset management plans, the Central London asset strategy and residential asset management plans, further asset management plans will be developed for:
 - Buildings linked to the MPS Intelligence Bureau/CT Command
 - Territorial Policing
 - Central Operations
 - Serious Crime Directorate
 - Specialist Operations

- Directorate of Information
- Human Resources Directorate
- Directorate of Resources
- New Scotland Yard
- Specialist Training including Firearms Training Facilities
- The Hendon Estate
- Accommodation Requirements for Heathrow
- Sports Clubs

It should be noted that asset management plans are not public documents, as they contain commercially sensitive information in regard to proposed acquisitions and disposals or plans relating to building redevelopment or refurbishment programmes. Public consultation and communication initiatives will address all proposals within the asset management plans.

3.6 Progress to Date

3.6.1 The Central London Asset Management Plan relates to a number of Central London properties and includes the relocation of office functions to more cost-effective locations; the design of space to provide open plan accommodation; and minimising building design changes to reduce build costs, ongoing maintenance and dilapidation costs. Since receipt of approval in May 2004, 25,000 square metres of accommodation (housing 2,500 officers/staff) has been provided at nil additional cost to the MPA/MPS. Facilities have been improved to a number of buildings with poor access, maintenance backlogs have been reduced and buildings no longer suitable for Policing have been vacated and disposed of. One further freehold building held will be disposed of in 2007/2008 and the re-gearing of a leasehold interest in another building is under consideration.

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 Prepared by M Boyles, J Bond
 Date issued: 10 October 2006

4. ESTATES CONSULTATION STRATEGY

4.1 Context

- 4.1.1 The MPA/MPS Estate Strategy was approved in late 2003 and publicly launched in early 2004. Setting out the need for estate modernisation the strategy detailed a range of policies to deliver this. Since its launch there has been wide spread coverage of various elements of this strategy mostly centred on isolated changes to specific buildings. There has also been engagement with pan London bodies and stakeholders.
- **4.1.2** It is now clear that consultation and communication between TPHQ (on behalf of the MPS/MPA) and key stakeholders on local changes, needs to be enhanced and better coordinated. Local changes to the estate can often be misinterpreted and there needs to be far greater communication around these changes and relocation of functions to provide better public interfaces.
- 4.1.3 The overall strategy that has been developed centres on the TP Borough Commander of each London Borough Consulting and Communicating on the estates strategies for their respective London Boroughs. The consultation and communications strategy focuses on existing BOCU-based facilities and future proposals, rather than on the longer term solutions for more specialist needs/pan-London requirements. Generic toolkits have been developed providing the framework for this consultation and communication.
- **4.1.4** These toolkits are tailored to the specific needs of each Borough. Separate toolkits are available to support the roll out of Safer Neighbourhood bases and Custody Centres.

5.1 Territorial Policing

- 5.1.1 Operational responsibility for policing London's 692 electoral wards and 32 London Boroughs (excluding the City of London), is the responsibility of the Territorial Policing Directorate. Each London Borough has a dedicated operational team led by a Borough Commander.
- 5.1.2 Historically the accommodation requirements of the various roles of these teams were met through the provision of multi-functional buildings replicated across each borough and typicallyoften included public interface points; office accommodation; custody facilities; storage; car parking; locker accommodation and in some cases stable facilities for horses; locker accommodation and changing facilities. The cost of providing such combined facilities in replicated locations is now prohibitive.
- 5.1.3 Having analysed the varied roles of Borough based teams the various requirements can be grouped into the following:-
- i. Custody Centres where individuals are detained incorporating custody suites, storage for property and office accommodation, interview rooms, areas for forensic collection, emerging criminal justice changes – options for video linkages etc.
- ii. **Neighbourhood team bases & contact points** where Safer Neighbourhood teams, prepare for duty and hold surgeries for local neighbourhoods providing small meeting areas and facilities for operational teams.
- iii. **Front counters public interface points** convenient for public access providing meeting areas and facilities for operational teams.
- iv. Patrol bases where operational officers prepare for duty and are briefed – incorporating office accommodation, briefing rooms, locker facilities and changing areas, training facilities and car parking facilities.
- v. **Office Accommodation** for policing use only to provide centralisation of support to the Borough Commander and

management teams, certain operational teams (CID) and administrative functions.

Further detail on the first four of these five strands is included in section 5.3 and onwards.

- 5.1.4 Borough asset management plans are designed to meet the requirements of these five core operational functions. The building design solutions have been developed on a generic basis enabling standard designs to be rolled out across all London Boroughs.
- 5.1.5 Providing a 'template solution' for custody, patrol base Front Counter and Safer Neighbourhood bases will ensure build costs are kept to a minimum, operational effectiveness will be met through maximising the use of space and operational running costs will be minimised and environmental efficiency maximised through analysing the pilot sites introduced and enhancing designs where necessary.
- 5.1.6 Each Borough asset management plan provides the short, medium and longer-term strategies for the rollout of property solutions. Each plan details:
 - (i) Existing property provision on Borough,
 - (ii) External factors including but not limited to Town Planning issues,
 - (iii) Future developments in an area or regional regeneration schemes (for example the Wembley Stadium and associated developments in Brent; London Olympics and Thames Gateway in north east London),
 - (iv) External commercial factors, transport matters etc.,
 - (v) Details of the electoral/Safer Neighbourhood wards,
 - (vi) Existing or future property solutions to meet the five core operational functions of each Borough; and
 - (vii) Proposed locations for future buildings and the timescale (subject to formal approvals) in which these buildings will be provided.

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 Prepared by M Boyles, J Bond
 Date issued: 10 October 2006

5.2 BOCU Asset Management Plans

5.2.1 The asset management plans are flexible, and are reviewed on a regular basis by Territorial Policing and Property Services. Plans must accord to MPA Regulations Progress on the role out of plans will be reported to the MPS Management Board and MPS Finance Committee, on a regular basis.

5.3 Borough-Based Custody Centres

- 5.3.1 Cell capacity within the exiting estate is insufficient to address the increased demands across London. In addition, many existing facilities are unable to be adapted effectively to accommodate new forensic collection and processing techniques; to meet the requirements of the diverse communities throughout London and are highly expensive to operate effectively, especially where facilities are located in groups of one, two or up to six cells in size.
- 5.3.2 The time taken to process those individuals held has also significantly increased as a result of forensic collection/testing, adding to the pressures on cell capacity at various locations.
- 5.3.3 The majority of custody facilities are located in older police stations. These buildings are expensive to maintain, offer many challenges in terms of providing accessibility and are not easily adapted.
- 5.3.4 The Service Improvement Review of Custody Capacity (May 2004) (commissioned by Territorial Policing Custody Directorate) highlighted many of these issues. Subsequent studies have enabled Territorial Policing to prioritise those Boroughs with the greatest challenges in terms of provision and standards of accommodation. [A copy of the report on the Service Improvement Review of Custody Capacity is available in the MPA Members' library].
- 5.3.5 The Custody Directorate's Strategy to address these challenges are based on short, medium and longer term solutions.
- 5.3.6 The short term solutions have been addressed with a number of older cells previously 'mothballed' being brought back into use, this project was completed in 2004/5. Further solutions include maximising the use of existing facilities through adaptation of working practices.
- 5.3.7 In the medium term, Territorial Policing Custody Directorate are working with commercial organisations to develop 'triage'

- style facilities that can be based in shopping centres/department stores, to assist in processing individuals detained for certain crime. Other opportunities are also being developed.
- 5.3.8 In the longer term Custody Centres will be developed, one serving each Borough to meet longer-term requirements.
- 5.3.9 The estates strategy is currently focussed on resolving medium and longer term solutions. A mock-up of a triage style facility has been prepared and inspected by operational teams; representatives from the Home Office and in time various retailing operators. Negotiations are ongoing with a number of commercial developers in regard to ongoing development schemes in London.
- 5.3.10 In terms of Custody Centres, MPA approval was confirmed to the roll out of the first five centres in February 2006. Local consultation / communication is now being undertaken prior to the submission of necessary planning applications for these sites later this year / early 2007.
- 5.3.11 Further facilities are planned throughout London and will be brought to MPA Finance Committee in due course.

5.4 Neighbourhood Team Bases and Contact Points

- 5.4.1 The principle behind the Safer Neighbourhoods initiative is to provide greater visibility and interaction between the MPS Safer Neighbourhood teams and the Communities these teams serve. Policing is based on electoral wards and each team is located within their specific ward, or as close to a ward as practicable.
- 5.4.2 The Estates Strategy in support of the Safer Neighbourhoods' initiative is to provide suitable accommodation to enable teams to prepare for duty patrolling on foot from this accommodation. Where possible the accommodation will include facilities to provide areas for local 'surgeries' and public interface points. All bases are to be in place by 2009.
- 5.4.3 The preferred location of each base is to be agreed by each Borough Commander (in liaison with their local communities).
- 5.4.4 As at September 2006, 369 of the 630 Safer Neighbourhood teams have been accommodated in dedicated Safer Neighbourhood bases. A further 95 teams will move to Safer Neighbourhood bases by March 2007 and the remainder over the subsequent 2 year period.
- 5.4.5 The estate strategy is to provide solutions for those remaining teams currently based in existing Police buildings.

5.5 Front Counter Police Services

- 5.5.1 MPS Front Counters represent the primary face-to-face contact point between the MPS and the communities the MPS serve, and are key to the citizen-focus programme. It is here that the greatest proportion of victims of crime and members of the community make contact with the MPS, and it is essential that the environment of each front counter and quality of service given is of the highest standard.
- 5.5.2 Existing facilities, primarily based in Police Stations support both those reporting crime/victims of crime as well as those attending in response to bail arrangements. As such the front counter facilities can be seen as intimidating and unwelcoming.
- 5.5.3 Future custody facilities will have suitable provision for those complying with bail requests / criminal justice requirements and for those attending individuals held in custody. Going forward there is therefore the opportunity to adapt existing Front Counter facilities to provide a more welcoming environment.

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- 5.5.4 In addition to reviewing the design of existing facilities to assist improvements in design, the Territorial Policing Front Counter project is currently reviewing the manner in which these facilities are operated and by whom.
- 5.5.5 In terms of the estates strategy, improvements will be made in the short term to provide signage to each front counter location by way of LCD screens which can be programmed on a Borough by Borough bases to provide details of operational hours, proximity of other public amenities, Safer Neighbourhood team contacts, local appeals, Crimestoppers, etc. Text can be programmed in different languages.
- 5.5.6 No existing front counter facility will be closed until alternative facilities are operational.
- 5.5.7 In the medium term a standard design for front counters will be agreed via consultation with Borough based colleagues and the communities these facilities are designed to serve. The standard design will be introduced into future front counter facilities. Adaptations will be made to existing facilities that are to be retained in the longer term.
- 5.5.8 The locations of future facilities are determined by consideration of operational requirements in consultation with local communities.

5.6 Patrol Bases

- 5.6.1 Growth in Police Officer, PCSO and Police staff numbers has added significant pressure to the existing Borough-based estate, where buildings have been unable to adaptor expand to meet, increased numbers.
- 5.6.2 Existing facilities are currently inadequate; unable to provide suitable locker facilities for uniforms and equipment, drying facilities for clothing, changing and shower facilities. Briefing rooms are small, teams based in properties throughout each Borough are briefed individually, training facilities are equally inadequate or do not offer economies and patrolling vehicles are often spread between numerous locations.
- 5.6.3 Other than providing accommodation on Borough; accessible to those commuting to and from the building, facilities for those on patrolling duties are not location dependent. Patrol based teams prepare for duty at their base, are briefed and then go out on Borough to patrol.

- 5.6.4 As a result, the occupational costs of providing facilities for patrolling teams can be reduced by providing accommodation in light industrial units; installing modular units within to provide necessary facilities. These bases are not intended to provide front counter facilities.
- 5.6.5 To ascertain the effectiveness of such facilities both operationally and financially a pilot scheme was launched in Waltham Forest in 2005. Based on the success of this pilot the estates strategy is to provide further facilities throughout each London Borough. In outer London Boroughs one patrol base will be provided, per Borough, to support policing needs (the three outer London Boroughs of Bromley, Lewisham and Sutton will be excluded due to PFI provision). In inner London Boroughs it is expected that more than one facility will be provided.
- 5.6.6 The Territorial Policing Patrol Base review team have examined current facilities supporting patrolling teams both in term of the accommodation and facilities provided and the number of individuals based at each location. This review has enabled the requirements of each Borough to be prioritised, these are detailed in Appendix C.
- 5.6.7 The medium and longer term estates strategy is to roll out patrol bases in order of priority, where commercial opportunities exist, some Borough Patrol Bases may be provided ahead of others. Facilities supporting Waltham Forest and Enfield (October 2006) boroughs are operational.
- 5.6.8 The construction of the third base to support Haringey is underway. Further proposals will be developed and brought to MPA Finance Committee for approval.

6.1 Call Centres

- 6.1.1 The C3i Programme addressed the need to provide the public with suitable access to the Police Service in terms of emergencies and incidents. To maintain consistency of service resilience, three highly specialised centres have been developed to provide the initial interface. These centres combine functions of the 32 Boroughs' control rooms, Information Room and Telephone Operator Centres.
- 6.1.2 The three centres are fully operational with 15 of London's 32 boroughs are now integrated with these centres. The remaining 17 boroughs will migrate in line with a rolling programme.

6.2 Integrated Borough Operations (IBO) Facilities

6.2.1 Certain functions that remain under the control of each Borough are handled by integrated borough operations facilities. These facilities are being rolled-out across the estate, with the overarching project due for completion in October 2007.

7. INTELLIGENCE, COVERT POLICING & TASKING (ICPT) PROGRAMME

7.1 ICPT Programme

7.1.1 The programme consists of five separate projects: Met Intelligence Bureau, Covert Policing Standards, Corporate Tasking, Prison and Telephone Intelligence and Operation Information Services.

7.2 Met Intelligence Bureau (MIB)

- 7.2.1 The Met Intelligence Bureau is divided into five strands of work:
 - Overall Management
 - Reception and Assessment
 - Tactical Capability
 - Strategic Capability
 - Support Services
- 7.2.2 As part of the MIB, a single corporate Intelligence Standards
 Bureau and a Covert Authorities Bureau will be created. Covert
 authorities will continue to be made by business groups with the
 Bureau responsible for ensuring standards. The Standards
 Bureau will be made up of the CD Covert Operations Support
 Unit and the Intelligence Standards Unit.

7.3 MIB Accommodation Requirements

7.3.1 The decision to establish the Metropolitan Police Service Intelligence Bureau will require an estate solution that will be subject to approval under MPA Regulations. This is detailed in exempt Appendix E.

8. TERRITORIAL POLICING

8.1 Asset Management Plans

- 8.1.1 In addition to the 32 Boroughs and the asset management plans that have been developed, an overarching asset management plan will be prepared to cover the Central London Office facilities occupied by TP.
- 8.1.2 This plan will be in place within the next 12 months, and will be cross-referenced to other strategies where buildings are occupied by other MPS teams.

9.1 Operational Responsibilities

9.1.1 The responsibilities of Central Operations include pan-London operational response teams, public order teams, specialist training facilities including firearms, responsibility for traffic teams, the air support unit as well as the Mounted branch and Dog section.

9.2 Accommodation Requirements

9.2.1 Whist certain operational responsibilities require bespoke property solutions, other functions can be accommodated in commercially provided office / light industrial buildings.

9.3 Central Operations Asset Plan

9.3.1 The detailed Asset Plan for Central Operations will be put in place within the next 12 months. The first priority is the need to resolve the needs of the pan-London response teams / public order teams. Currently located within various Borough based facilities and older warehousing facilities the operational requirement is to co-locate team to provide 6 regional/strategic bases. Following the Borough based template for Patrol Bases the property solution will be to provide light industrial warehousing facilities within areas of good road networks.

9.4 Specialist Firearms Training Facilities

9.4.1 Specialist firearms training requirements will be dealt with under a separate centralised asset strategy. This will link into existing contractual arrangements with our PFI providers, and will include a review of past and future business cases.

9.5 Asset Plan

9.5.1 The overarching asset plan for Central Operations will be prepared and documented within the next 12 months following engagement with relevant MPA Members and key stakeholders. Specific business cases for individual projects within the asset plan will be subject to MPA Regulations.

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10.1 Operational Responsibilities

10.1.1 The responsibilities of the Directorate are varied, many operations are covert, some operations are located within specific boroughs throughout the 32 London boroughs, other teams are located centrally.

10.2 Accommodation Requirements

- 10.2.1 Historically, SCD have shared accommodation with various business groups and in some cases will continue to do so, albeit in modern, flexible accommodation as the estate is refreshed. Other teams require stand-alone facilities, some of which (including the forensic teams) have specialist accommodation requirements.
- 10.2.2 The occupational requirements of programmes relating to vulnerable persons including Child Protection Teams, Sapphire units, intimidated witnesses/victims of crime and related matters will continue. Some bases will need to be relocated and opportunities will be taken in these instances to ensure alternatives provide suitable environments for those using them.

10.3 Asset Plan

10.3.1 The overarching Asset Plan for SCD will be prepared and documented following engagement with relevant MPA Members and key stakeholders within the next 12 months. Specific business cases for individual projects within the asset plan will be subject to MPA Regulations.

11.1 Operational Role

11.1.1 Focussing on Counter-Terrorism and Covert Operations the property requirements of the Specialist Operations teams are varied and are located throughout the 32 London Boroughs and centrally.

11.2 Accommodation Requirements

11.2.1 Responsibilities include policing Heathrow airport; Royalty protection; diplomatic protection and counter-terrorism responsibilities. In addition to the inter-dependency of MIB and Counter-Terrorism initiatives, accommodation solutions include the provision of office and warehousing accommodation.

11.3 Asset Plan

11.3.1 The overarching Asset Plan for SO will be prepared and documented following engagement with relevant MPA Members and key stakeholders within the next 12 months. Specific business cases for individual projects within the asset plan will be subject to MPA Regulations.

12.1.1 Providing the technological and communications infrastructure and information systems (including covert systems) for the MPS, the Directorate of Information have responsibilities for infrastructure throughout the MPA's estate.

12.2 Accommodation Requirements

- 12.2.1 Teams are based within standard office accommodation throughout the central estate, but requirements include responsibilities for the Metcall centres, Data Centres and various Core Modes, Technology Equipment rooms, and aerial radio systems.
- 12.2.2 The provision of Edinburgh House in 2004 provided Dol with a dedicated facility within Central London addressing urgent accommodation needs at that time.

12.3 Asset Plan

12.3.1 An overarching asset plan for future needs will be prepared and documented following engagement with relevant MPA Members and key stakeholders within the next 12 months. Specific business cases for individual projects within the asset plan will be subject to MPA Regulations.

13.1.1 With responsibilities for recruitment, training, occupational health, welfare, people development and leadership, the Human Resources Directorate have bespoke training and office facilities throughout the MPA estate.

13.2 Accommodation Requirements

13.2.1 The provision of accommodation within Empress State Building as part of the Central London Asset Strategy in 2004/2005 provided Human Resources with a dedicated facility for centrally based teams and Occupational Health. Following IB approval to the roll out of the Initial Police Learning & Development Programme (IPLDP) and MPA approval for the retention of Penhryn Road, plans are now in hand to develop accommodation solutions for the eight agreed IPLDP sites over the next 12-18 months. Interim measures are already in place to provide accommodation requirements. Central London training facilities have also been provided in Victoria to support PCSO training needs.

13.3 Asset Plan

13.3.1 Future training requirements including those related to the Hendon estate will be identified and documented in the asset plan for the Directorate. The asset plan will be prepared and documented following engagement with relevant MPA Members and key stakeholders within the next 12 months. Specific business cases for individual projects within the asset plan will be subject to MPA Regulations.

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14.1.1 The Directorate of Resources includes Logistical Services, Finance Services and Property Services Departments.

14.2 Accommodation Requirements

14.2.1 The provision of accommodation within Empress State Building in 2004/05 provided the Directorate of Resources with a dedicated facility for centrally based teams. Other teams including but not limited to Catering Services, Transport Services, Uniform Services and the Operational Support Group (within Property Services) are located in central and outer London locations accommodated in a mix of office, warehousing and garage facilities.

14.3 Asset Plan

14.3.1 The medium/longer term strategy for the Directorate of Resources will address the accommodation requirements of those teams currently located in warehousing and garage facilities. The overarching asset management plan will be prepared and documented within the next 12 months. Specific business cases will be subject to MPA Regulations

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15.1 Background

15.1.1 Costs to maintain the building and provide levels of resilience required to support the functions located in the building are no longer affordable. The necessary works required would cause significant disruption to the property (replacing generators, air conditioning, lifts; enhancing resilience), rendering parts of the building uninhabitable during these works.

15.2 Impact of MIB/CTC Requirements

15.2.1 Resolution to the accommodation needs of MIB/CTC will be key to the future strategy for NSY. An asset strategy for the building is being developed which will incorporate future occupational arrangements and a programme for undertaking specific maintenance items to the property.

15.3 Control Room Requirements

15.3.1 Existing control room facilities at NSY are considered deficient for both SCD and SO. SCD have developed a plan to increase control room capacity at Cobalt Square. CTC have reviewed the plans for proposed control room arrangements but these do not yet meet all requirements. Further discussions are ongoing.

15.4 Asset Plan

15.4.1 The overarching asset management plan will be prepared and documented within the next 12/18 months. Specific business cases will be subject to MPA Regulations

16.1 Firearms Training Requirements

16.1.1 With a growth in the number of police officers trained in the use of firearms coupled with changes in the weapon of choice and ammunition the need to provide suitable firearms facilities has been noted as a top priority. Short-term solutions, including the proposed combined use of MoD sites continue to be explored alongside longer-term requirements.

16.2 Asset Plan

16.1.2 Proposals to address future requirements are being developed in liaison with current arrangements of other agencies, An asset plan will be prepared and documented when options are clearer and MPA and MPS approval has been confirmed..

- 17.1.1 The Hendon estate provides accommodation for a number of Directorates including Human Resources, Serious Crime Directorate, Directorate of Information / Met Modernisation – Metcall, Territorial Policing, Directorate of Resources, covert operations and residential needs associated with current training arrangements.
- 17.1.2 Many of the buildings are no longer capable of adaptation, others do not maximise the use of space and are costly to run. The need to provide additional resilience to certain areas, coupled with the need to exit residential units provides an opportunity to examine the MPS requirements at Hendon in the medium and longer term.

17.2 Asset Plan

17.2.1 The detailed asset plan for Hendon will be prepared over coming months, following consultation with relevant MPA members and key stakeholders including the Local Authority who intend to allocate further land for future residential use as part of the overarching master plan for the Colindale area.

APPENDIX A to the Estate Strategic Plan:

TIMELINE FOR CURRENT MAIN PROGRAMME STRANDS FOR THE MPS ESTATE

[THE WILLIAM OR CORRECT WAITING TO AND TOR THE WILL STATE					
		2006/07	2007/08			
Communication & consultation	Development & Application of Consultation Strategy	Complete development of consultation strategy for Territorial Policing Estate, Sep 06. Communicate agreed Asset Management Plans to appropriate communities/stakeholders. Commence consultation using agreed toolkits, Oct 06				
Patrol Bases	Development & application of implementation & consultation plans for patrol bases	 The delivery of more patrol bases is very much driven by the appropriate sites becoming available and being purchased, and obtaining planning permission for the developments. Timescales for patrol bases only sites and joint patrol bases/custody centre sites may vary. Once approved the sites currently identified can move forward in negotiations. 	The next Patrol Bases are reliant on suitable sites being identified and purchased where necessary. The required planning and consultation processes will then need to be completed prior to any builds commencing. Therefore the earliest anticipated date for an on-line site is dependent on these factors.			
Custody Bases	Development & application of implementation & consultation plans for custody bases	The first five sites are currently at planning/consultation stage. Planning permission/building regulations approval is anticipated to take 6 to 9 months. Build time is then anticipated to take a further 18 months. Therefore the first Borough Based Custody Centre is anticipated to be on-line in late 2008 or early 2009. Barking & Dagenham's site has been identified and it is anticipated that the facility will be available in approximately 30 – 36 months.	The next eight Borough based Custody Centres are reliant on suitable sites being identified and purchased where necessary. The required planning and consultation processes will then need to be completed prior to any builds commencing. Therefore the earliest anticipated date for an on-line site is 2010.			
Front Counters	Front counter blueprint development & implementation	 Draft Blueprint for location of front offices, Sep 06. Consult stakeholder re Blueprint, Oct 06 – Mar 07. Agree 24/7 Ward front counters, Apr 07. Advertise new front counters to communities and merge rollout with SN bases. 				
Safer Neighbourhoods	Plans for SN rollout & consultation	Additional 180 teams permanently accommodated bringing total to 474.	Additional 158 teams to be permanently accommodated bringing total to 632.			
MIB/CTC	Development & Maintenance of Implementation Plan for MIB/CTC	Investment Board to agree the most cost/effective approach to meet MIB/CTC operational requirements. Estate Programme Board & Management Board to endorse IB recommendations for MIB/CTC. Detailed implementation planning to commence. IB/EPB/MB to agree proposals for interim arrangements concerning NSY.				