Oversight of Police Force Policy

Requirement	Current Position	Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, Threats	Action	Timescales
1. Senior management con the organisation.	nmitment to safeguarding and p	promoting the welfare of ch	ildren with a clear line of account	ability within
Having an identified ACPO or Senior Officer lead on children issues.	ACPO lead. DAC Fitzpatrick has specific lead for children and young people and will chair the Children and Young People Strategic Group. Commanders Jarman and Sawyer will chair the Youth Safety Group and the Youth Violence Group. Commander Jarman also chairs the ECM Programme Board, which is set up to deliver the Children Act requirements.	Representation of all relevant business groups within the MPS is still to be achieved. Report presented to Management Board has highlighted need for senior representation on the PB	Letter written to AC Ghaffur requesting nomination from Central Operations	Immediate
Having a strategy setting out internal implementation and development taking into account the objectives of ECM into all policing functions.	A Programme Initiation Document sets out strategic objectives of the ECM programme, this is supported by a risk register and programme plan, which are subject to review at	Two ECM projects (People & Systems) have been created to drive forward the delivery of the ECM agenda. Both projects are led by a senior	MPS Youth Strategy is being reviewed to take into account the objectives of ECM Two projects to be set up to address the six PNA strands. ECM People Project to look at	Immediate

	each ECM programme board meeting. The Performance Needs Analysis (PNA) has been completed and has identified six clear strands of work that need to be delivered to ensure full compliance with the Children Act: System Operating Procedures (SyOPs), Training, Creation of a Single Point of Contact (SPOC) role, Safe recruiting, IT application and Information Sharing. A cost benefits analyses has been completed which identifies how ECM links into the MPS corporate plan for London	police officer and supported by MPS staff from the business groups who can affect change.	Training, SyOPs, SPOC and Safe recruiting. ECM Systems project to look at ICT and Information Sharing	
Having a clear partnership strategy setting out how the police force can and will contribute to the objectives of ECM in cooperation with external	The ECM programme manager has direct links with Government Office for London, through the Director of Children's Services and the			Immediate

partners.	Safeguarding Transition Group. The DfES and the London Directors of Children Service (ALDCS) Locally building links through the Children Trusts			
	The MPS is a member of the London Safeguarding Children Board (LSCB),			
	which produces the London child protection procedures. On a local level police are			
	represented on Local Safeguarding Children Boards and have contributed to the development of the			
	Children and Young People Plans.			
All strategies reflecting the force contribution to ECM reflects relevant HMIC thematic and baseline inspections.	The HMIC baseline assessment inspection (June 2005) showed that SCD5 had attained a high level of progress in developing a child protection strategy/policy.	The MPS await the recent HMIC inspection report.	Review of JAR key judgments undertaken to ensure that the MPS is meeting HMIC's baseline assessment in respect of the Children Act. This is included as part of the MPS Sec 11 benchmarking	Ongoing

2 The police force should a	A close working relationship with the HMIC Children Act Lead has been established to ensure communication of immediate issues can be highlighted to the MPS ECM Manager.	f are familiar with the force	document.	Inder FCM
A clear plan is in place to promote and raise awareness of the ECM objectives, and the forces approach to these, to all police force staff	ECM has been promoted through the MPS, by way of ECM awareness seminars and briefings aimed at BOCU SMT and partnership leads. The Training Needs Analysis (TNA) has identified the training needs of all MPS staff. The MPS training Management Board has agreed to the proposed training plan that identifies four levels of training for staff. Training programme for all MPS operational officers and staff to be developed in consultation with the Training Standards	 Strengths. The MPS has agreed a substantial commitment to ensure that all staff receive appropriate, effective training. Threats. The number of staff to be trained within the MPS Development of ICT systems will impact on ability to deliver training. The Children Act requirement is for staff to have received training by April 2008, many local authority areas are 	Training package to be developed by the MPS to deliver a 3 hour classroom based package for level 1. Local Authority training programmes to be assessed for Level 2 Staff to be identified to attend training at Level 3 & 4.	Jul 2007

	I had with the interation of			[]
	Unit, with the intention of	working towards this		
	delivering from January	date as their deadline.		
	2008.	July 2007 is not an		
		appropriate or		
		achievable date for the		
		MPS to have training in		
		place.		
An appropriate risk-based	Current MPS Vetting	Threats.	Safe recruiting will sit under	Immediate
training programme is in	standards policy includes	Compliance with the	the People Strand of the ECM	
place for police staff.	different departments	requirements of dealing	programme. This will include a	
	including SCD5, Safer	with allegations against	review of roles within MPS, to	
Safe recruitment – vetting	Schools and Volunteer	professionals working	identify those that may require	
standards are secure.	Police Cadets having	with children.	enhanced vetting, due to	
	specific vetting procedures		contact/involvement with	
	for their staff. Access by	Cost of introducing	children and young persons.	
	vetting branch to enable	vetting standards across		
	search of the POCA and	larger workforce than	ACPO are setting up a national	
	List 99 has been agreed	currently undertaken.	Working group to develop	
	with the DfES and the		policy around allegations	
	Home Office.	Guidance within	against police officers/staff.	
	nome once.	Working Together	The MPS is to be represented	
	In compliance with the	around dealing with	on this group.	
		-	on this group.	
	Working Together guidance	allegations made		
	Commander responsible for	against professionals		
	SCD5, currently	working with children		
	Commander Sue Wilkinson	has led to ambiguity		
	will have strategic	over what is meant by a		
	responsibility for the MPS	professional working		
	around Allegations against	with children		

	professionals. An agreed protocol is in place between the Child Abuse Command and Professional standards over responsibility for such investigations involving police employees and collaboration			
Every member of police force staff is aware of their own responsibilities to safeguard and promote the welfare of children in their carrying out their duties. Forces should demonstrate a proactive approach to ensure all staff is aware of their responsibilities.	Statement of responsibility published on MPS Internal Intranet on 9/3/06. Making it Happen (DfES publication on an individuals responsibility) sent to each BOCU for circulation also available on ECM Intranet page, which is updated with information for all staff.	A communication strategy is being developed in consultation with the MPS department of public affairs.	Delivery of training at local BOCU and encouragement of BOCU staff to attend multi agency working together training. ECM awareness seminars and training being built into existing courses for Safer Neighbourhood teams, Safer Schools officers Youth Offending Teams	Jul 2007
3. Service development take views of children and familie		guard and promote the we	fare and is informed, where appro	opriate, by the
Ensure the implications of ECM are reflected and considered in all force policy as it develops.	Children and young people are currently captured under the Age strand of the Equality Impact Assessment which needs to be undertaken for the creation of all new policies	The Age strand is too broad to ensure that Children are clearly identified and their needs identified and where necessary considered in MPS	Consultation ongoing with the Diversity and Citizen Focus Unit to ensure that Children and Young People are specifically considered under the Age strand and where the ECM 5 key outcomes are	Jan 2008

Processes are in place to	and for the review of existing policies. A consultation exercise conducted by the Safer Neighbourhoods Unit in March 2007 aimed at school aged children from year 7 to year 13, concentrating on issues of safety. There is an MPS process to	policies.	being met/impacted. The review of the EIA is due to take place December 2007. A review of existing MPS policies and System Operating Procedures to identify ACPO leads to raise awareness of ECM requirements.	Jul 2007
Processes are in place to consider, gather and reflect the views of children, young people and their families in all policies where there is considered to be implications in respect of ECM	There is an MPS process to consult with young people through the Youth IAG. On a local level all Local Authority areas have undertaken consultation with all parts of the local community on the delivery of ECM and in particular the development of the local Children and Young People Plans, the police have been a part of this process.		Within London a number of organisations such as GOL, The Mayors Office and the London Councils have process in place to consult with large sections of the community, there is a drive to co-ordinate these consultation processes so that all organisations can contribute as well as benefit, reducing the duplication of process especially around the delivery of ECM. The MPS to maintain links and liaison with these organisations to be part of the consultation process and to build on local consultation, to identify ECM	Jul 2007

4. Effective inter-agency working to safeguard and promote the welfare of children Forces to be compliant The working together with ACEO and Warking to automatic symplectic structure Children's Trusts do not have		 specific issues affecting the local community. MPS Safer Neighbourhoods conducting a youth survey in 2007 aimed at school aged children year 7 – year 13. All Safer Neighbourhood Teams are now required to have at least one 'youth defined' local priority and to improve engagement of young people in community problem solving initiatives. The Black Police Association through the VOYAGE project is able to gather views from young people. An Equality Impact Assessment grid and consultation plan to be created for the ECM programme board to record consultation activity. 	
		Children's Trusts do not have to be in place until April 2008,	Immediate

Together guidance. A	MPS staff on the Intranet	guidance has been issued re	
clear protocol for	site. Through the ECM	appropriate level of	
interagency working at	Programme Board, the	membership at a borough level	
strategic and operation	MPS is working closely with	and this will be monitored.	
levels established and	the partner agencies to		
ACPO leads to ensure the	ensure that practices and	The ECM Programme Board is	
force is represented at	protocols are agreed.	to develop an assessment of	
Children's Trusts and	Some parts of the Children	the effectiveness of Local	
LSCBs. Frequency of	Act do not come into affect	Safeguarding Children Boards	
police attendance at the	until April 2008 and the	focusing specifically on police	
Board is to be agreed by	MPS is developing working	involvement, this will, include	
all partners (including	practices to enable	police attendance at the LSCB	
police).	compliance by this date,	meetings.	
	taking the lead for London		
	in respect of the Child	Meeting arranged for May with	
	Death Reviews. The MPS	the London procedures Editor	
	is part of the London	to look at issues in the	
	Safeguarding Children	procedures that effect the MPS	
	Board, which is currently		
	developing the All London		
	Procedures, which will		
	become the agreed pan		
	London Working Together		
	document.		
	Attendence at the LOOD		
	Attendance at the LSCB		
	meeting is monitored as a		
	part of the MPS policing		
	plan 2006 – 2007 and is		
	subject of reports to the		

	ECM programme board.		
Identified shared aims,	Each local authority area	Each CYPP has been	Jul 2007
objectives, targets and	has developed in	published and reviewed on	
priorities for interagency	partnership with all	behalf of the ECM PB, it was	
working that clearly	agencies working with	decided at a meeting in	
identify the anticipated	children and young people	September 2006 that	
contribution of the police	including the police a	monitoring of police	
force	Children and Young People	performance in contributing to	
	Plan that sets out how the	these individual plans was not	
	ECM five key objectives will	possible due to the variance of	
	be met. Within each plan,	the plans, but the Joint Area	
	there are clear areas that	Reviews that are currently	
	police can contribute and in	taking place, will look at	
	some instances take the	agencies contribution to the	
	lead.	plans and due to greater	
		involvement by HMIC will be	
		able to identify the	
		effectiveness of the police	
		contribution. The JAR reports	
		are being monitored by the	
		ECM implementation team,	
		who have also developed	
		ongoing communication with	
		both the JAR Lead Inspectors	
		and the HMIC lead, so that	
		concerns ca be raised directly,	
		these can then be immediately	
		reported to the ECM lead and	
		PB.	

Have clear information sharing protocols with national and local partner agencies.	ECM Information Sharing protocols are being developed across all 32 London Boroughs, guidance has been given to Borough Commanders and the MPS Information Sharing team are able to offer advice. Within London there is a plan to develop London information sharing protocols in respect of the CAF process and the MPS will be part of the working group set up to agree this process.	ECM Programme Manager to work with the DfES to establish clear information sharing protocols in connection with the National Information Index of all children 'ContactPoint'.	Immediate
Ensure effective information sharing systems are established.	The MPS is looking to develop an IT system that can link into ContactPoint and how best to share information in respect of the CAF process.	The MPS is looking at the creation of a Single Point of Contact role on each borough to enable effective safeguarding children information sharing processes. This work is part of the ECM People Project.	Jan 2008
Clear and consistent policies to work in partnership to divert children and young people away from crime	Crime and Disorder strategies which include: Safer Schools Partnership and YOTS Youth Inclusion Programme, Prolific and	The MPS is currently reviewing the Youth Strategy to ensure that it complies with ECM. A Children and Young People	Ongoing report Jan 2008

	Other Priority Offender strategy.	Strategic Group to be created within the MPS, chaired by Deputy Assistant Commissioner Rose Fitzpatrick. The Kickz Project and Miss Dorothy.com. The development of the Restorative Justice programme with three pilot sites in MPS.	
Work in partnership to educate children and young people on issues such as substance misuse, anti-social behaviour and the prevention of crime	Across the MPS there are different approaches, with School Liaison Officers delivering packages on these issues, but the Safer Schools Officers do not necessarily deliver these packages as part of their remit. Local BOCU involvement in the writing of the CYPP. The MPS has recently produced the Fix up, Look Sharp DVD and teacher's pack developed by the	As part of Project Umbra, the MPS is looking to develop jointly with the London Fire Brigade, MPA and GLA, a package on child safety for use by fire and police officers doing work in schools. The content to focus on children keeping themselves safe whether it be from fire, an external criminal or from domestic violence or child abuse. A 'Z' card around bullying is being developed for distribution to schoolchildren	Ongoing report Jan 2008

· · ·		throughout London. The Citizen focus package is being reviewed and updated for delivery to school children in Year 6 press to have processes in place to consider the following:	
Children under the age of 17 suspected as having committed an offence are recognised as vulnerable	PACE and the accompanying Codes of Practice place a statutory responsibility on the police to ensure additional considerations are given to the welfare and interest of a person under the age of 17.	The MPS is adopting the ACPO guidance for 'The Safer Detention and handling of persons in police custody 2006, which includes a section on procedures for dealing with persons under the age of 17. Operation Emerald Custody Directorate is currently conducting an in depth 'Gap Analysis' of the Guidance. In many areas, MPS custody procedures already reflect aspects of this guidance. Where this is not the case, it is necessary to <i>fully</i> assess the benefit (positive or negative), impact and feasibility of each individual section of the guidance, before any changes	Immediate

Identifying vulnerable children to harm in domestic violence cases and substance misuse cases.	Details of children and young people who are identified as vulnerable are recorded onto the MERLIN CTN system. All CTN reports are referred to the Child Abuse Investigation Command (SCD5) for a risk assessment and decision about further action and referral to partner agencies. Through the Serious Case Review process all agencies including police are able to identify failings in process, SCD5 regularly review findings of these reviews.	The delivery of training to staff will ensure awareness of the impact on children of domestic violence and substance misuse improving the identification of those vulnerable children.	to the MPS Custody Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) can be considered. The guidance cannot be issued for general reference, within the MPS, until this essential evaluation process has been completed. SCD5 continue to review their system operating procedures in line with ACPO and DfES guidance. Through the ECM programme, changes to procedures and the implementation of recommendations from Serious Case Review can be passed onto all areas of the MPS. VCD and TP to review what work is being done around gathering information about children at risk of harm through living in families with substance misuse.	Immediate
Policies regarding using police powers to take children into protective	Sec 46 Children Act 1989, gives police officers power to place a child into police			Immediate

custody	protection. The process of recording children taken into police protection has been improved so that all instances are now recorded on CRIS.			
Identifying, understanding and protecting children as victims and witnesses	Training is given to all new recruits and as part of the probationary training. The Achieving Best Evidence and Joint Investigation training is given to Child Abuse Investigators and some staff working in roles that involve close working with children.	Threat. Lack of knowledge on process by MPS staff, especially specialist officers.	To develop appropriate ongoing training for MPS staff in line with the recommendations contained within the PNA/TNA	Immediate
Prioritising the investigation of crime and the protection of children from harm	Currently investigating inter familiar child abuse and paedophile activity falls within the remit of SCD5.		Development of other areas of child abuse including the CATSE project as part of the work undertaken by the Violent Crime Directorate. A review of how the MPS ensures priority is also given to protecting children through the	Immediate

	work of the Violent Crime Directorate and the MAPPA	
	process.	