# Race and equality impact

Public Complaints allegations per 100 officers by type – June 2007 to May 2008: People

# **Complainants**

The next table shows the number of complainants within each borough over the last twelve months and breaks them down by ethnicity, gender and age. The TP and MPS totals are illustrated for comparison.

							Gro	up 3									
	mplainant tails:	Camden		Hackney		Lambeth		Southwark		Tower Hamlets		Westminster		TP Total		MPS Total	
	White	66	35%	35	18%	47	19%	37	21%	44	32%	124	35%	148 4	32%	179 4	31%
>	Black	32	17%	74	39%	81	32%	52	30%	11	8%	31	9%	798	17%	992	17%
icit	Asian	9	5%	9	5%	11	4%	3	2%	22	16%	11	3%	336	7%	409	7%
Ethnicity	Other	7	4%	1	1%	2	1%	0	0%	2	1%	12	3%	63	1%	81	1%
Ē	Unknown	75	40%	73	38%	109	44%	84	48%	59	43%	173	49%	196	42%	258	44%
														2		4	
	Total	1	89	1	92	2	50	1	76	1	38	3	51	46	43	58	360
	Female	59	31%	64	33%	89	36%	61	35%	52	38%	117	33%	166 6	36%	205 9	35%
Gender	Male	126	67%	127	66%	160	64%	109	62%	85	62%	230	66%		63%	374 3	64%
Ge	Other	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
	Unknown	4	2%	1	1%	1	0%	6	3%	1	1%	4	1%	44	1%	58	1%
	Total	1	89	1	92	2	50	1	76	1	38	3	51	46	43	58	360
	0-16 years	4	2%	4	2%	3	1%	1	1%	2	1%	1	0%	69	1%	94	2%
	17 - 24 years	24	13%	32	17%	18	7%	16	9%	23	17%	32	9%	490	11%	608	10%
	25 - 44	71	38%	75	39%	93	37%	63	36%	51	37%	113	32%	171	37%	208	36%
	years													6		2	
Age	45 - 64	43	23%	35	18%	40	16%	37	21%	21	15%	71	20%	804	17%	994	17%
Ą	years																
	Over 65 years	6	3%	1	1%	5	2%	2	1%	0	0%	11	3%	85	2%	103	2%
		41	22%	45	23%	91	36%	57	32%	41	30%	123	35%	147	32%	197	34%
	Unknown													9		9	
	Total	1	89	1	92	2	50	1	76	1	38	3	51	46	43	58	360

It can be seen that the ethnicity of the complainant is *unknown* in a high percentage of instances. The group average is 45% compared with the average of 42% across the rest of TP. Within this group the extent to which ethnicity is unknown ranges between 38% for *Hackney* to 49% in *Westminster*.

It is acknowledged that such a high percentage of *unknown* ethnicity severely hampers accurate analysis of disproportionality. DPS are implementing measures to improve data quality in this area. This issue will be brought to the attention of Borough Commanders and monitored through the PSSP process. Furthermore, DPS caseworkers have been asked to ensure this forms part of their role and of the file checking process before files are returned for filing and storage.

## **Complainants - Continued**

Where the ethnicity is known, it is evident that, a higher proportion of complaints are received from people from non-white communities, most notably from black people. This is particularly apparent within *Hackney, Lambeth* and *Southwark* where, in cases where the ethnicity is known, black complainants represent between 39% and 30% of all complainants, which is above the TP average (17%). All boroughs in this group are rated "highly diverse" by the Office of National Statistics.

The capture of gender related information is much better than that for ethnicity with the majority of complaints being made by males. Generally the split between the genders is approximately 35% female and 65% male but in *Camden* it is noticeable that men make a greater proportion of complaints than the other boroughs in the group (67%).

In respect of the complainants' age, the percentage where age is *unknown* is only marginally better than that for ethnicity. The group average compares with TP as a whole where, on average, 30% remain *unknown*. The highest proportion of complainants is aged between 25-44 years old, which was also evident in the previous reports covering other groupings. However, *Camden* has a greater proportion of complainants aged between 45-64 years (23%).

#### Officers

The following table shows the number of officers within each group receiving complaints over the last twelve months and breaks them down by ethnicity, gender and length of service.

		Gro	oup 3	3													
_	fficer etails:	Camden		Hackney		Lambeth		Southwark		Tower Hamlets		Westminster		TP Total		MPS Total	
	White	182	64%	177	65%	187	56%	187	66%	129	64%	210	48%	4487	65%	5805	68%
	Black	12	4%	3	1%	11	3%	7	2%	7	3%	7		188			3%
	Asian	7	2%	11	4%	11	3%	3	1%	5	2%	12	3%	237	3%	269	3%
Cit.	Other	6	2%	7		5	2%		1%	5	2%	8	2%	112	2%	149	2%
Ethnicit	Unknown	76	27%	73	27%	119	36%	84	30%	55	27%	204	46%	1879	27%	2108	25%
F#	Total	283	}	271		333	}	283	}	201		441		6903		8550	
	Female	40	14%	633	12%	31	9%	47	17%	36	18%	39	9%	1000	14%	1123	13%
P.	Male	171	60%	165	61%	183	55%	152	254%	114	57%	199	45%	4048	59%	5364	63%
pu	Unknown	72	25%	73	27%	119	36%	684	30%	51	25%	203	46%	1855	27%	2063	24%
G.	Male Unknown Total	283	}	271		333	}	283	}	201		441		6903	,	8550	
	0-2 years	40	14%	37	14%	31	9%	32	11%	22	11%	35	8%	831	12%	899	11%
	3 years	25	9%	32	12%	40	12%	29	10%	13	6%	31	7%	612			8%
	4 years	20	7%	40	15%	30	9%	36	13%	26	13%	40	9%	809	12%	941	11%
	5-9 years	57	20%	·	23%	62	19%	52	18%	40	20%	50	11%	1311	19%	1816	21%
	10-14 years	28	10%	68	3%	16	5%	15	5%	18	9%	17	4%	403	6%	615	7%
	15-19 years	5	2%	7	3%	11	3%	11	4%	4	2%	23	5%	329	5%	526	6%
	20-24 years	5	2%	2	1%	12	4%	13	5%	15	7%	16	4%	271	4%	404	5%
a	25-29 years		3%	1	0%	3	1%	7	2%	4	2%	13	3%	194	3%	300	4%
Service	30-34 years	2	1%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1	0%	3	1%	24	0%	34	0%
Sel	35-39 years	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0		1	0%	1	0%
of ?		0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
<i>t</i>	and over			ļ		ļ				<u> </u>							
Da	and over Unknown	92	33%	81	30%	128	38%	88	31%	58	29%	213	48%	2118	31%	2336	27%
/ e	Total	283	}	271		333	}	283	}	201		441		6903		8550	
										_				1			
		279	99%	269	99%	330	99%	283	3 100%	6201	100%	436	99%	6843	99%	8484	99%
	Officer	_		-				-		ļ		_					
	Senior	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	7	0%	11	0%
Tvne	Officer											<u></u>					
	•	4	1%	2	1%	3	1%	0	0%	0	0%	5	1%	53	1%	55	1%
aff	Constable Total			<u> </u>		<u> </u>						1					
ts.	Total	283	}	271		333	}	283	}	201		441		6903	,	8550	

There is a high proportion where these details are not yet established. The percentage of officers where gender is 'unknown" ranges from 25% to 46% the equivalent range for ethnicity is 27% to 46%. The proportion of officers whose details are as yet unknown is because we are looking at recorded complaints. The complaints system is fed with officer details by the HR

system, so once an officer is identified all of this diversity information will be available.

#### Officers - Continued

The recruitment policy in recent years has seen an increase in non-white officers whose length of service will mean they are more likely to be at constable/sergeant rank employed in 'front-line' operations and roles dealing with the public. This would suggest that because of their 'front-line' role non-white officers should have a higher proportion of allegations. However, within this group non-white officers appear to be complained of in a similar proportion to their representation within the workforce.

Female officers currently represent approximately 25% of the overall police officer workforce within TP, but they receive on average only 13% of allegations within group 3. It is noticeable though that both *Southwark* and *Tower Hamlets* have 17% and 18% recorded against female officers, respectively. It is possible that this correlates with a higher proportion of complaints being made by females in these particular boroughs.

The majority of officers who have contact with the general public will be younger in service. An officer's length of service may affect the numbers of complaints they receive. Early in their career probationer officers will be less experienced but likely to receive greater supervision. Once they complete the probation period they will be supervised less but remain relatively inexperienced. This is reflected in the length of service statistics where the majority of complaints are made against officers with less than ten years service.

#### **Outcomes**

The following table illustrates the actual number of officers who have received formal sanctions or informal discipline in respect of allegations concluded in the twelve months to May 2008.

	Gro	up 3						
Outcomes (Officers):	Camden	Hackney	Lambeth	Southwark	Tower Hamlets	Westminster	TP Total	MPS Total
Criminal Prosecution	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	3
Misconduct Hearing	0	2	0	1	1	0	11	15
Written Warning	0	2	3	4	1	3	36	38

# Informal Discipline

Advice	0	2	1	2	0	2	41	52
Discussion	0	9	2	15	31	29	403	549
Guidance	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	14
Training	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2

Public complaint allegations that are 'substantiated' are usually within the region of 1-2% on average of all finalised allegations. It is therefore expected that there will be few, if any, formal outcomes such as a *criminal prosecution* or *misconduct hearing*. In this period there was just one *criminal prosecution* and four *misconduct hearings*, arising from public complaints, for officers in Group 3.

Within this group there were thirteen *written warnings* issued as a result of a public complaint. These are often used as a means of dealing with minor misconduct issues rather than signifying that an officer's conduct falls short of that expected. A *written warning* means that the officer accepts the failing and is a key component in encouraging learning from past mistakes. The table shows 'Discussion' being the most used form of *informal discipline*.

Under the Taylor reforms, the 'informal' results illustrated here are likely to result from behaviour that would be regarded in the future as 'misconduct' and thus dealt with locally by boroughs themselves through a 'misconduct meeting' as management action, written warning (new style) or perhaps even the Unsatisfactory Performance Procedure (UPP).

### **Professional Standards Support Program (PSSP)**

The PSSP tasking meeting sat in February 2008 to consider group 3 and decide what program of input would be tailored to each borough's needs. The MPA Professional Standards Officer also now attends the tasking and review meetings to represent the interests of the authority.

It was noticeable, at the time of the meeting, that *Hackney* had the greatest proportion of public complaints within Group 3 and that they had risen over the previous year. The meeting agreed therefore that *Hackney* would receive additional support through the PSSP.

DPS will engage with senior managers within these boroughs to raise the profile of DPS and advise them of what they can expect from the PSSP program. Feedback in relation to the delivery of the PSSP to the Groups subject to the process so far remains positive and people have been receptive to the aims of the support program.

Some of the initiatives that have been delivered as part of the PSSP, (through existing training cycles where possible), are as follows: -

The Computer Misuse package shown previously has been well received. This will be a significant vehicle for the delivery of the wider Professional Standards message.

Delivery of the Custody (looking after prisoners) briefing, a review of officer safety complaints and training and a more detailed review of officers identified under the *Complaints Intervention Scheme* (officers with 3 or more public complaints or conduct matters recorded within a twelve month period).

There has also be additional input on Local Resolution awareness - rates and guidance on achieving them. Some BOCU's have already asked for some products to be delivered to a targeted audience and this will be delivered where resources allow.

Additional 'new' elements to the PSSP are currently being developed for 2008. These include presentations on 'Personal Responsibility' – previously off duty behaviour and Local Misconduct (Taylor Reforms) – dealing locally with misconduct matters.